

MARYLAND HEALTH CARE COMMISSION
AVERAGE ANNUAL CHRONIC HOSPITAL OCCUPANCY RATES BY
JURISDICTION AND FACILITY: MARYLAND, FISCAL YEARS 2018 — 2020

Jurisdiction/Facility	Average Annual Bed Occupancy Rate (%)		
	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020
Baltimore City			
Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center	29.7	24.8	11.9
Levindale Hebrew Geriatric Center and Hospital	91.6	90.1	85.0
UM Medical Center Midtown Campus	21.1	25.1	32.7
UM Rehabilitation & Orthopedic Institute	57.3	42.5	42.2
Prince George's County			
UM Laurel Regional Hospital	16.8	-	-
UM Prince George's Hospital Center	-	31.9	51.8
SUBTOTAL: Private Chronic Hospitals	47.6	47.7	47.0
Washington County			
Western Maryland Hospital Center	23.8	17.3	13.7
Wicomico County			
Deer's Head Hospital Center	6.8	8.2	6.1
SUBTOTAL: State-Operated Chronic Hospitals	14.9	12.5	9.8
MARYLAND TOTAL	39.0	39.4	36.3

Sources: Maryland Health Care Commission and Maryland Department of Health (bed inventory); Health Services Cost Review Commission's Inpatient Confidential Files and Chronic Care Confidential Files (private chronic hospital patient days); and Maryland Department of Health's Hospital Management Information System (state-operated chronic hospital patient days).

Notes: The average annual chronic hospital bed occupancy rates are calculated based on the number of patient days divided by the number of licensed bed days available during the fiscal year period, ending June 30th.

In fiscal year 2019, chronic hospital beds operated by UM Capital Region Health initially operated on the campus of UM Laurel Regional Hospital, as a 46-bed hospital. In the course of FY 2019, UM Laurel Regional Hospital was converted to a freestanding medical facility and the chronic hospital formerly operated on the Laurel campus began operating on the campus of UM Prince George's Hospital Center as a 12-bed hospital. The average annual bed occupancy rate shown for FY 2019 represents the combined chronic hospital utilization at both sites and factors in the change in bed capacity that occurred during the fiscal year.

In fiscal year 2020, Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center converted 16 of its 76 licensed chronic hospital beds to special rehabilitation hospital beds. The average annual bed occupancy rate for FY 2020 reflects that change in bed capacity at Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center.