

MARYLAND HEALTH CARE COMMISSION
AVERAGE ANNUAL OCCUPANCY RATES BY JURISDICTION AND FACILITY
SPECIAL CHRONIC HOSPITAL BEDS
MARYLAND, FISCAL YEARS 2022 — 2024

Jurisdiction/Facility	Average Annual Occupancy Rate (%)		
	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Baltimore City			
Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center	20.9	5.9	10.6
Levindale Hebrew Geriatric Center and Hospital	67.2	71.2	68.7
University of Maryland Medical Center Midtown Campus	89.4	96.0	74.2
University of Maryland Rehabilitation & Orthopaedic Institute	36.4	39.9	30.2
Prince George's County			
University of Maryland Prince George's Hospital Center	0	0	0
SUBTOTAL: Private Chronic Hospitals	50.5	49.6	49.1
Washington County			
Western Maryland Hospital Center	8.8	7.0	9.1
Wicomico County			
Deer's Head Hospital Center	4.7	1.1	4.8
SUBTOTAL: State-Operated Chronic Hospitals	6.7	3.9	6.9
MARYLAND TOTAL	35.2	33.8	33.5

Sources: Maryland Health Care Commission and Maryland Department of Health (bed inventory); Health Services Cost Review Commission's Inpatient Confidential Files (private chronic hospital patient days); and Maryland Department of Health's Hospital Management Information System (state-operated chronic hospital patient days).

Notes: The average annual chronic hospital bed occupancy rates are calculated based on the number of patient days divided by the number of licensed bed days available during the fiscal year period, ending June 30th. Fiscal Year 2024 was a Leap Year (366 days).

In fiscal year 2022, University of Maryland Prince George's Hospital Center's 12 chronic hospital beds ceased to operate. This hospital was replaced by the University of Maryland Capital Region Medical Center in June 2021. This replacement hospital does not provide special chronic hospital services.

In fiscal year 2024, Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center temporarily delicensed its 60 chronic hospital beds, effective February 16, 2024. The calculated average annual occupancy rate reflects 230 days available in FY 2024 (July 1, 2023, through February 15, 2024).